

CLAIMS

What is Claimed:

1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- 5 (a) sequences provided in SEQ ID NOs:588, 598, 603, 611, 616, 622, 625, 629, 636, 639, 641, 649-651, 655, 656, 659, 660, 664, 665, 675, 681, 686, 703, 720, 723 and 732;
- (b) complements of the sequences provided in SEQ ID NOs:588, 598, 603, 611, 616, 622, 625, 629, 636, 639, 641, 649-651, 655, 656, 659, 660, 664, 665, 675, 10 681, 686, 703, 720, 723 and 732;
- (c) sequences consisting of at least 20 contiguous residues of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NOs:588, 598, 603, 611, 616, 622, 625, 629, 636, 639, 641, 649-651, 655, 656, 659, 660, 664, 665, 675, 681, 686, 703, 720, 723 and 732;
- (d) sequences that hybridize to a sequence provided in SEQ ID 15 NOs:588, 598, 603, 611, 616, 622, 625, 629, 636, 639, 641, 649-651, 655, 656, 659, 660, 664, 665, 675, 681, 686, 703, 720, 723 and 732, under moderately stringent conditions;
- (e) sequences having at least 75% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NOs:588, 598, 603, 611, 616, 622, 625, 629, 636, 639, 641, 649-651, 655, 656, 659, 660, 664, 665, 675, 681, 686, 703, 720, 723 and 732;
- 20 (f) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NOs:588, 598, 603, 611, 616, 622, 625, 629, 636, 639, 641, 649-651, 655, 656, 659, 660, 664, 665, 675, 681, 686, 703, 720, 723 and 732; and
- (g) degenerate variants of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NOs:588, 598, 603, 611, 616, 622, 625, 629, 636, 639, 641, 649-651, 655, 656, 659, 660, 664, 665, 675, 681, 686, 703, 720, 723 and 732. 25

2. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) sequences encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1; and
- (b) sequences having at least 70% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1; and
- (c) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1.

3. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 1 operably linked to an expression control sequence.

4. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 3.

5. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a polypeptide of claim 2.

6. A method for detecting the presence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the biological sample with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide of claim 2;
- (c) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value and therefrom determining the presence of a cancer in the patient.

7. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 2.

8. An oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a sequence recited in SEQ ID NOs: 588, 598, 603, 611, 616, 622, 625, 629, 636, 639, 641, 649-651, 655, 656, 659, 660, 664, 665, 675, 681, 686, 703, 720, 723 and 732 under moderately stringent conditions.

9. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) polypeptides according to claim 2;
- (b) polynucleotides according to claim 1; and
- (c) antigen-presenting cells that express a polypeptide according to claim 2,

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

10. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 9.

11. A composition comprising a first component selected from the group consisting of physiologically acceptable carriers and immunostimulants, and a second component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) polypeptides according to claim 2;
- (b) polynucleotides according to claim 1;
- (c) polynucleotides having a sequence as provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 589-597, 599-602, 604-610, 612-615, 617-621, 623, 624, 626-628, 630-635, 637, 638, 640, 642-648, 652-654, 657, 658, 661-663, 666-674, 676-680, 682-685, 687-702, 704-719, 721, 722 and 724-731;
- (d) antibodies according to claim 5;
- (e) fusion proteins according to claim 7;
- (f) T cell populations according to claim 10; and

(g) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide according to claim 2.

12. A method for stimulating an immune response in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition of claim 11.

5 13. A method for the treatment of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition of claim 11.

14. A method for determining the presence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- 10 (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the biological sample with an oligonucleotide according to claim 8;
- (c) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and
- 15 (d) compare the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence of the cancer in the patient.

15. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one oligonucleotide according to claim 8.

20 16. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one antibody according to claim 5 and a detection reagent, wherein the detection reagent comprises a reporter group.

17. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4+ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of: (i) polypeptides according to
5 claim 2; (ii) polynucleotides according to claim 1; and (iii) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide of claim 2, such that T cell proliferate;

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells,

and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

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